



Marietta City Schools

District Unit Planner

Everything on the unit planner must be included on the unit curriculum approval statement.

Science Grade 6

Unit title	<i>Water in Earth's Processes</i>	MYP year	<i>1</i>	Unit duration (hrs)	<i>25 Hours</i>
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Mastering Content and Skills through INQUIRY (Establishing the purpose of the Unit): *What will students learn?*

GSE Standards

Standards

S6E3. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to recognize the significant role of water in Earth processes.

- Ask questions to determine where water is located on Earth's surface (oceans, rivers, lakes, swamps, groundwater, aquifers, and ice) and communicate the relative proportion of water at each location.
- Plan and carry out an investigation to illustrate the role of the sun's energy in atmospheric conditions that lead to the cycling of water.
- Ask questions to identify and communicate, using graphs and maps, the composition, location, and subsurface topography of the world's oceans.

S6E6. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about the uses and conservation of various natural resources and how they impact the Earth.

- Design and evaluate solutions for sustaining the quality and supply of natural resources such as water, soil, and air.

Prior Student Knowledge: (REFLECTION – PRIOR TO TEACHING THE UNIT)

In fourth grade, students investigate the following:

S4E3. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to demonstrate the water cycle.

- Plan and carry out investigations to observe the flow of energy in water as it changes states from solid (ice) to liquid (water) to gas (water vapor) and changes from gas to liquid to solid.
- Develop models to illustrate multiple pathways water may take during the water cycle (evaporation, condensation, and precipitation)

Concepts/Skills to be Mastered by Students

- Water Cycle
- Thermal Energy Transfer
- Sunlight
- Temperature
- Salinity & Density

Key Vocabulary: (KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS)

Evaporation
Transpiration
Condensation
Precipitation
Infiltration
Run-off
Radiation
Collection
Reservoir
Aquifer
Water table
Acid rain
Humidity
Salinity
Density
Desalination
Renewable resource
Non-renewable resource
Current

Year-Long Anchoring Phenomena: (LEARNING PROCESS)

Earth is the only planet in our solar system that is able to support life.

Unit Phenomena (LEARNING PROCESS)

Show the water cycle [video on the Engage Page of DE Science Techbook](#).

Ask: *What energy and forces are involved in each of the processes of the water cycle? Why is the water cycle a self-renewing process? How do humans impact the water cycle?*

Possible Preconceptions/Misconceptions: (REFLECTION – PRIOR TO TEACHING THE UNIT)

Students think all freshwater is clean drinkable water.
Students do not understand lakes, rivers and streams are freshwater.
Students do not understand why the oceans are salty.

Key concept	Related concept(s)	Global context
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<p align="center">Systems</p> <p>Systems are sets of interacting or interdependent components. Systems provide structure and order in human, natural and built environments. Systems can be static or dynamic, simple or complex.</p>	<p align="center">Balance (MYP) Energy (MYP/CCC) Transformation (MYP)</p>	<p align="center">Globalization and sustainability</p> <p>Globalization and sustainability explores the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the relationship between local and global processes; how local experiences mediate the global; the opportunities and tensions provided by world-interconnectedness; the impact of decision-making on humankind and the environment.</p>
<p>Statement of inquiry</p>		
<p>Sustainable management of the Earth’s water resources means that human needs must be balanced with those of the natural world.</p>		
<p>Inquiry questions</p>		
<p>Factual—</p> <p>Where is fresh water and salt water found? How much of the Earth is covered in water? How is water distributed on Earth?</p> <p>Conceptual—</p> <p>How does heat energy affect water? How does water move on Earth? How can graphs and maps help me ask questions? How does water flow through systems on Earth?</p> <p>Debatable-</p> <p>Should we do anything about plastic islands? How do the actions of humans impact the environment?</p>		
<p>MYP Objectives</p>	<p>Assessment Tasks</p>	
<p><i>What specific MYP objectives will be addressed during this unit?</i></p>	<p>Relationship between summative assessment task(s) and statement of inquiry:</p>	<p><i>List of common formative and summative assessments.</i></p>

Sciences Design	MYP B/C- Water Cycle Lab (Transformation) MYP A- Water Molecule Journey (Energy) MYP D- Reflections of Water Scarcity or Plastic Island (Balance)	<u>Formative Assessment(s):</u> Common Formative Assessments: - Water Distribution - Water Cycle <u>Summative Assessment(s):</u> Water Summative Assessment
Approaches to learning (ATL)		
Category: Thinking Cluster: Critical-Thinking Skill Indicator: Use models and simulations to explore complex systems and issues. Gather and organize relevant information to formulate an argument.		

Learning Experiences

Add additional rows below as needed.

Objective or Content	Learning Experiences	Personalized Learning and Differentiation
The distribution of water Land vs water- and salt water vs fresh water	Globe Toss	Scaffold notes for special education and ESOL
Explain the water Cycle	Writing task- How does heat affect the water cycle? Does the cycle always move in a perfect circle?	Scaffold notes for special education and ESOL
Five Oceans and Natural Resources	Label on a map the location of the five oceans and review of the topography of the oceans- which ocean is the deepest?	Scaffold notes for special education and ESOL

Content Resources

Discovery Education Science Techbook - Water on Earth

